

Article

The Glad Tidings of the Return of the Khilafah Demands that We Undertake Good Actions to Earn the Victory of Allah (swt)

In the time of oppressive rule in the Muslim World, it is a source of hope and inspiration that the *bushra* (glad tidings) of the Messenger of Allah (saw) indicates that the Khilafah will indeed return. Moreover, the Khilafah which will return will be of specific characteristics. It is going to be like the first Khilafah, established by the great Companions (ra) of the Messenger of Allah (saw), a Khilafah (Caliphate) on the Method of the Prophethood. Thus, it is not to be from the biting rule, as the Khilafah came to be after the Khulafa'a Rashideen. The hereditary character of the ruling is described in the Hadith as biting, meaning clinging to the rule, in the way that dynasties do cling. In this period, the Khaleefah on approaching death would nominate his successor from his dynasty and he would ask for Bayah to be given to him. The contracting Bayah would then be taken upon the Khaleefah upon the death of the Khaleefah. Thus, we take the words of the Messenger of Allah (saw) as a bushra (glad tidings), lifting our hearts from grief at the sad situation of the Ummah under the oppressive rule.

However, at the same time, the glad tidings of the Messenger (saw) do not mean that we take them as an excuse for inaction. No, by no means, for the blessed Hadith is not only glad tidings, it is also khabar (news) by the meaning of action for us to undertake. As such the Hadith is similar to the Hadith, «ثَوْنَتُكُنُ الْفُسْطُنْطِينَيَّةٌ، فَالْبَعْمُ الْجُيشُ الْجُيشُ لِللهُ الْجَيشُ "You will open Constantinople. The best Amir will be its Ameer and the best army will be its army." [Ahmad.] Here too, we have news (khabar), in the form of a demand to act (Talab bil fa'il). Thus, for centuries, every Muslim was eager to witness the glad tidings but did not become resigned to fatalism, idleness or complacency. Muslims were keen to have the glad tiding of RasulAllah (saw) becoming a reality at their hands. So, Muslim rulers exerted their efforts to be the best Ameer, obedient to Allah (swt) and implementing His (swt) commands, and prepare the best army, grooming them upon Islam and equipping them with the finest weaponry. Then Allah (swt) bestowed His Nasr (Victory) to Sultan Muhammad al-Faatah, who opened Constantinople.

So what is upon us, O Muslims, one hundred Hijri years since the abolition of the Khilafah, in the interim of the oppressive rule, before the return of the Khilafah on the Method of Prophethood? Whilst we dearly wish to see it, are we not to undertake the actions to achieve it? We must take action for the sake of re-establishing the Khilafah, for the Hadith of the return of the Khilafah on the Method of Prophethood is also khabar by the meaning of action. Thus, we are also commanded to establish the Khilafah, seeking from Allah (swt) to be amongst those honoured to establish it. We must be the best Muslims we can be and equip ourselves with the knowledge of Islam accordingly, in order to be deserving for such a high quality of Khilafah. We do not simply submit to our situation, making Dua alone, without acting according to the commands of Allah (swt). Indeed, the weight of the words of Messenger of Allah (saw) are to be considered,

"By the one in whose hands is my soul, you must enjoin the ma'roof and you must abstain from evil or Allah (swt) will send upon you punishment from Him, then you will make Dua to Him and He will not answer you." [Ahmad] So if we are to act, what are the actions required of us, whether they are actions of the heart or actions of the limbs?

As for the actions of the heart, our Emaan is that Nasr (Victory) is from Allah (swt) Alone, with no partners with Him. After the kuffar defeated us when they collaborated with traitors from amongst the Arab and Turkish leadership to destroy the Khilafah, our victory over them, by restoring the Khilafah, depends on Nasr from Allah (swt) Alone. Allah (swt) said, فَوَمَا النَّهُ إِذَا اللَّهُ إِنَّا اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمُ وَمَا النَّصُرُ إِلاَّ مِنْ عِثْدِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمُ وَمَا النَّصُرُ إِلاَّ مِنْ عِثْدِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمُ وَمَا النَّصُرُ إِلاَّ مِنْ عِثْدِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمُ وَمَا النَّصُرُ إِلاَّ مِنْ عِثْدِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمُ وَمَا النَّصُرُ اللَّهُ إِلَا اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمُ وَمَا النَّصُرُ إِلاَّ مِنْ عِثْدِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمُ وَمَا النَّصُرُ اللَّهُ إِلَا اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمُ وَمَا النَّصُرُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَعَلَى عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى اللهُ وَمَنْ إِلاَ أَنْ يَنْصَرِكُم الله عليهم, لا بشدة بأسكم وقواكم, بل بنصر الله لكم, لأن ذلك بيده واليه "You are not victorious over your enemies, O believers, except when Allah (swt) grants you Victory over your enemies, not by the force of your might and power, but by the granting of Victory to you by Allah (swt), for Victory is in His Hand and upon Him." Indeed, though the kuffar fight the return of Islam, both directly and through their agents in the Muslim World, it is Allah (swt) Alone that will grant us victory over them.

Emaan compels us to obey Allah (swt), abstaining from sins He (swt) forbade us from and undertaking duties He (swt) commanded us, when seeking His Nasr, ﴿وَكَانَ حَقًّا عَلَيْنَا نَصْرُ And incumbent upon Us was Nasr of the believers." [Surah Ar-Rum 30:47] "الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ Indeed Allah (swt) has promised us that it is upon Him (swt) to grant us Victory when we respond to His (swt) command. Regarding this Ayah, Ibn Abi Hatim recorded that Abu Ad-Darda', may Allah be pleased with him, said, "I heard the Messenger of Allah (saw) saying, No Muslim man " «مَا مِنِ آمْرِيءٍ مُسْلِمٍ يَرُدُ عَنْ عِرْضِ أَخِيهِ إِلَّا كَانَ حَقًّا عَلَى اللهِ أَنْ يُرُدَّ عَنْهُ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ يَوْمُ الْقِيَامَة» defends the honour of his brother except that there would be a right upon Allah to defend him from the fire of Hell on the Day of Resurrection." Then he (saw) recited this "And it was incumbent upon Us to help the believers." ﴿وَكَانَ حَقّاً عَلَيْتًا نُصْرُ الْمُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ Ayah. اله الله at-Tabari commented in His Tafsir that here Allah (swt) is saying, ونجَّينا الذين آمنوا بالله وصدَّقوا رسله إذ جاءهم بأسنا، وكذلك نفعل بك وبمن آمن بك من قومك وَكَانَ حَقًّا عَلَيْنا نَصْرُ المُؤْمِنينَ على الكافرين، ونحن And we saved those who believed in Allah (swt) and" ناصروك ومن آمن بك على مَن كفر بك ومظفروك بهم believed in his Messengers (as) when our might came upon them. We do similarly for you (O هِوَكَانَ حَقًا عَلَيْتًا نُصْرُ , Muhammad (saw) and anyone who believes in you from your people And it was incumbent upon Us to help the believers" over the kaafireen. We" الْمُؤْمِنينَ ﴾ grant you and those who believe in you Victory over those who disbelieve and grant your triumph over them."

Emaan compels us to obey Allah (swt) and His Messenger (saw), if we do not wish to lose our strength in our way to earning the Victory of Allah (swt). Allah (swt) said, ﴿وَالْطِيعُواْ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَلّهُ وَلِمُلّمُ وَلِمُ وَلِمُ وَلّهُ وَلّهُ وَلِمْ وَلّهُ وَلِمُ وَلِمُ وَلّهُ وَلّهُ وَلِمُلّمُ وَلِمُلّمُ وَلّهُ وَلِمُلّمُ وَلّهُ وَلّهُ وَلّهُ وَلّهُ وَلّهُ وَلَا لّمُلّمُ وَلّهُ وَلّهُ وَلّمُ وَلِمُلّمُ وَلِمُلّمُ وَلّمُ وَلِمُلّمُ وَلّ

Whilst striving for the Nasr of Allah (swt), we must prepare ourselves for adversity and anguish of the people to earn the Nasr of Allah (swt). Allah (swt) said, هُوَلِمُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ ال

As for our haste in victory, asking when will the Khilafah come, this haste is not a defect or Haram (Forbidden) because man is hasty by his nature, ﴿ وَيَدْعُ ٱلْإِنْسَانُ بِٱلشُّرِّ دُعَآءَهُ بِٱلْخَيْرُ وَكَانَ And man supplicates for evil as he supplicates for good, and man is ever" ٱلْإِنسَانُ عَجُولًا﴾ hasty." [Surah Al-Isra'a 17:11]. However, what makes us fall into sin, invoking the anger of Allah (swt) upon ourselves, is our neglect of the actions that are required to bring the change in society. So let not our haste push us into despair, hopelessness and frustration. So we must be studying Islam in Halagah, as the Companions (ra) did in Dar al-Argam. We must be working together in one kutlah (structuring) as the Companions (ra) did, not as individuals separately. We must be meeting the people individually and collectively as the Companions (ra) did. We must be proclaiming the Haq openly in the arena of life, as the Companions (ra) did. And for those of us who are from the people of power, weapons and warfare, we must be as the chiefs of the Ansaar (ra) were, extending our Nussrah so that the ruling by Islam can be resumed. So let not one of us tire or relent from following the blessed Method of the Prophethood (saw) for bringing change to society, retreating into isolation and despair. May Allah (swt) strengthen us in our good actions and commitment to His Deen, lest we are lost in the darkness!

So, let the march to spread Islam throughout the world resume, from where the Khilafah (Caliphate) had left it one hundred Islamic Hijri years ago, to the point that Islam extends over the entire earth. Thauban reported that the Messenger of Allah (saw) said, ﴿إِنَّ اللَّهَ زُوَى لِي الأَرْضَ فَرَأَيْتُ مَشَّنَارِقُهَا وَمَغَارِبَهَا وَإِنَّ أُمَّتِي سِيَيْلُغٌ مُلْكُهَا مَاا زُوِيَ لِي مِنْهَا وَأُعْطِيْتُ الْكَثْزَيْنِ الأَحْمَرِ وَالأَبْيَضِ وَإِنِّي سَأَلْتُ رَبِيِي لأُمَّتِي ۚ أَنْ لاَ يُهْلِكَهَا بِسِّنَةٌ بِعِعَامَّةٌ وَأَنُ لا يُسَلِّطَ عَلَيْهِمْ عُلُوًا مِنْ سَوَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ فَيَسْتَبِيحَ بَيْضَنَّتَهُمْ وَإِنَّ رَبِّي ۖ قَالَ يَا ۖ مُحَمَّدُ الِنِّي ۖ إِذَّا قَضَيَتُ قَضَاءً فَإِنَّهُ لاَ يُرِدُ وَإِنِّي أَعْطَيْتُكَ لأُمْتِكَ لأَمْتِكَ أَنْ لاَ أَهْلِكَهُمْ بِسِنَةٍ بِعَامَةٍ وَأَنْ لاَ أَسْسَبِيحُ Allah drew the ends of the world near one another for my" بَيْضَتَهُمَّ وَلُو اجْتَمَعَ عَلَيْهِمْ مَنْ بأَقْطَارِهَا» sake. And I have seen its eastern and western ends. And the dominion of my Ummah would reach those ends which have been drawn near me and I have been granted the red and the white treasure and I begged my Lord for my Ummah that it should not be destroyed because of famine, nor be dominated by an enemy who is not amongst them to take their lives and destroy them root and branch, and my Lord said: Muhammad, whenever I make a decision, there is none to change it. I grant you for your Ummah that it would not be destroyed by famine and it would not be dominated by an enemy who would not be amongst it and would take their lives and destroy them root and branch, even if all the people from the different parts of the world join hands together (for this purpose)" [Muslim]. May the Islamic Ummah see what our Master Muhammad (saw) gave us good tidings of!

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