Are the Calamities in the World Punishments for Sins?

Translated from Al-Waie Magazine (Arabic): <u>Issue No: 150 Rajab 1420 AH-November 1999</u>
CE (Thirteen years of publication)

When Turkey was struck by a severe earthquake on 17/08/99, followed by devastating earthquakes in several regions, many people started to say that those disasters were sent upon the people by Allah (swt) due to their disobedience and disbelief. On the other hand, there are those who interpret this purely as a physical phenomenon, where they do not find any relation between people's disobedience and what is happening in the universe in terms of natural events. Insha'aAllah, we will attempt in this short article to explain the correct concept and we ask Allah (swt) for guidance and reward.

From the onset, we should remember that this Universe including its bodies are the creations of Allah and He (swt) subjected them to the laws and regulations, which they do not violate, except if Allah (swt) wishes to break them, in exceptional situations, such as miracles, performed at the hands of Prophets (as). Allah (swt) has embodied in all of the creations, natures and characteristics, upon which they proceed and they do not depart from these.

Allah (swt) knows all that encompasses creations before He (swt) created them and He (swt) knows what encompasses completely and in all its parts. He (swt) is dominant over everything, for all times and in every place, be it small or big. Allah (swt) said, ﴿لَا يَغُرُبُ عَنْهُ مِثْقُالُ "Not absent from Him is an atom's weight within the heavens or within the earth..." [TMQ Surah Saba':3]. And All is written in the Preserved Tablet (lawhul Mahfudh) as Allah (swt) said, ﴿لَا الْحُصَاهَا وَلَا كَبِيرَةُ وَلَا كَبِيرَةُ وَلَا كَبِيرَةُ إِلَّا أَحْصَاهَا ﴿ What is this book that leaves nothing small or great except that it has enumerated it?" [TMQ Surah Kahf:49]. Therefore, nothing exists in the Universe or the nature randomly, i.e. without a purpose. Nothing happens by chance. Instead, everything is organized, arranged, decreed and judged by the All-Wise, All-Knowing.

This explains to us how Allah (swt) responds to the supplication of righteous people who invoke. Allah (swt) knows since eternity that His so and so servant will ask at a certain time with supplication. If He (swt) accepts his supplication, He (swt) will arrange and determine the matters in a way that the one who supplicates has his request fulfilled i.e. responding to the supplication is part of the Divine Decree (Al-Qada). This also applies to the blessings of Allah (swt) to His righteous servants. Allah (swt) knows since eternity that a certain group of His servants deserve His Blessings. So He (swt) arranged and determined the matters since eternity, so that the blessings reach them, without any need to break the laws of universe or violate the properties of things.

Similarly, Allah (swt) tests and punishes whom He wishes. He (swt) knows since eternity that some people deserve punishment in this world and that Allah (swt) will test another group of people, with some afflictions in this world. Allah (swt) is capable in all the matters and decreed them since eternity so that all these are done with properness and due time while His people are within the laws of universe and the properties of things.

The Sunnah of Allah had come to pass over the nations, who denied His Messengers by, punishing them for their denials. However, these punishments were after giving them sufficient evidence and time. Allah (swt) destroyed the people of Nuh (as), with flood only after Nuh (as) had stayed amongst them for nine hundred fifty years. Allah (swt) said,

قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ فَكَذَّبُوا عَبْدَنَا وَقَالُوا مَجْنُونٌ وَازْدُجِرَ (9) فَدَعَا رَبَّهُ أَنِّي مَغْلُوبٌ فَانتَصِرْ (10) فَفَتَحْنَا أَبْوَابَ السَّمَاءِ بمَاءِ مُّنْهَمِر The people of Noah" (11) وَفَجَرْنَا الْأَرْضَ عُيُونًا فَالْتَقَى الْمَاءُ عَلَىٰ أَمْرِ قَدْ قُدِرَ (12) وَحَمَلْنَاهُ عَلَىٰ ذَاتِ أَلْوَاحِ وَدُسُرِ ﴾ denied before them, and they denied Our servant and said, "A madman," and he was repelled. So he invoked his Lord, "Indeed, I am overpowered, so help". Then We opened the gates of heaven with rain pouring down. And caused the earth to burst with springs, and the waters met for a matter already predestined. And We carried him on a [construction of] planks and nails" [TMQ 54:9-13]. Allah (swt) destroyed Firaun and his army in the Nile River after Musa and Harun (as) had invoked them with clear proofs and هِفَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ أَنِ اصْرِب بِعَصَاكَ الْبَحْرَ فَاتْفَلَقَ فَكَانَ كُلُّ فِرْقِ ,miracles for a sufficient time. Allah (swt) said "Then We inspired Moses" كَالطَّوْدِ الْعَظِيمِ (63) وَأَزْلَقْنَا ثُمَّ الْآخَرِينَ (64) وَأَنجَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ وَمَن مَّعَهُ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴾ "Strike with your staff the sea," and it parted, and each portion was like a great towering mountain. And We advanced there to the pursuers." [TMQ As-Shura' 63-65]. And Aa'd, the people of Hud (as) was sent with screaming wind as Allah (swt) said, ﴿فَأَرْسَلْنَا إ So We" عَلَيْهِمْ رِيحًا صَرْصَرًا فِي أَيَامٍ نَجِسَاتٍ لِتُدْيِقَهُمْ عَذَابَ الْخِزْي فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُنْيَا وَلَعَذَابُ الْآخِرَةِ أَخْزَى وَهُمْ لَا يُنصَرُونَ ﴾ sent upon them a screaming wind during days of misfortune to make them taste the punishment of disgrace in the worldly life; but the punishment of the Hereafter is more disgraceful, and they will not be helped." [TMQ Fussilat: 16]. And Samud, the People of هِ فَعَقَرُوا النَّاقَةَ وَعَتَوْا عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهِمْ وَقَالُوا يَا صَالِحُ انْتِنَا بِمَا Salih (as), were punished as Allah (swt) says, هَفَعَقَرُوا النَّاقَةَ وَعَتَوْا عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهِمْ وَقَالُوا يَا صَالِحُ انْتِنَا بِمَا -So they hamstrung the she" تَعِدُنَا إِن كُنتَ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ (77) فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي دَارهِمْ جَاتِّمِينَ ﴾ camel and were insolent toward the command of their Lord and said, "O Salih, bring us what you promise us, if you should be of the messengers." So the earthquake seized them, and they became within their home [corpses] fallen prone." [TMQ Surah A'raaf: 77-78].

And People of Lut (as) were punished as Allah (swt) said, عِيْرِ بِي الصَّبْخُ الْمِسْنَ الصَّبْخُ الْمِسْنَ الطَّالِمِينَ (81) فَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا عَلَيْهَا سَافِلَهَا وَأَمْطُرْنَا عَلَيْهَا حِجَارَةً مِن سِجِيلٍ مَّنضُودِ (82) مُسَوَّمَةً عِندَ رَبِكُ وَمَا هِيَ مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ "Indeed, their appointment is [for] the morning. Is not the morning near?". So when Our command came, We made the highest part [of the city] its lowest and rained upon them stones of layered hard clay, [which were] marked from your Lord. And Allah 's punishment is not from the wrongdoers [very] far." [Surah Hud: 81-83]. And the People of Shoaib (As) refused and challenged him to bring the punishment. Allah (swt) said, وَمَا أَنتَ مِنَ الْمُسْتَحْرِينَ (185) وَمَا أَنتَ إِلَّا يُشْتَوْ وَلَا نَظُلُولُ الْمَا أَنتَ مِنَ الْمُسْتَحْرِينَ (187) قَالَ رَبِّي أَعْلَمُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ (188) فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأَخَذُهُمْ عَذَابُ يُوْمِ الظُّلَةِ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ "They said, "You are only of those affected by magic. You are but a man like ourselves, and indeed, we think you are among the liars. So cause to fall upon us fragments of the sky, if you should be of the truthful." He said, "My Lord is most knowing of what you do." And they denied him, so the punishment of the day of the black cloud seized them. Indeed, it was the punishment of a terrible day." [TMQ Surah As-Shu'ara: 185-189].

And when Muhammed (saw) was sent, the Sunnah of Allah was changed to destroy the Kuffar, who denied His Messenger (saw). This change is apparent in the following divine texts:

﴿ وَإِذْ قَالُوا اللَّهُمَّ إِن كَانَ هَٰذَا هُوَ الْحَقَّ مِنْ عِنْدِكَ فَأَمْطِرْ عَلَيْنَا حِجَارَةً مِنَ السَّمَاءِ أَوِ انْتِنَا بِعَذَابٍ 1- Allah (swt) said, إِن كَانَ هَٰذَا هُوَ الْحَقَّ مِنْ عِنْدِكَ فَأَمْطِرْ عَلَيْنَا حِجَارَةً مِنَ السَّمَاءِ أَوِ انْتِنَا بِعَذَابٍ 1- And [remember] when they said, "O Allah, if this should be the truth from You, then rain down upon us stones from the sky or bring us a painful punishment." But Allah would not punish them while

you, [O Muhammad], are among them, and Allah would not punish them while they seek forgiveness." [TMQ Surah Anfal: 32-33]

Those who invoked challenge were Al-Nadhar bin Al-Harith and Abu Jahl, the mouthpiece of the polytheists of Mecca. The response to them was not destruction, but the provision of security for both of them. The first security was the existence of the Prophet (saw) amongst them and the second security was forgiveness. Though the first security went away with the death of the Prophet (saw), the second security did not go away entirely.

2- Allah (swt) said, (53) وَا يَدْ الْعَذَابُ وَلَيَا أَتِيَنَّهُم الْعَذَابُ وَلَيَا أَتِيَنَّهُم الْعَذَابُ مِن فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِن تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِهِمْ وَيَقُولُ ذُوقُوا مَا كُنتُمْ يَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمُحِيطَةٌ بِالْكَافِرِينَ (54) يَوْمَ يَغْشَاهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مِن فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِن تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِهِمْ وَيَقُولُ ذُوقُوا مَا كُنتُمْ يَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمُحِيطَةٌ بِالْكَافِرِينَ (54) يَوْمَ يَغْشَاهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مِن فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِن تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِهِمْ وَيَقُولُ ذُوقُوا مَا كُنتُمْ عَمْلُونَ (54) عَوْمَ يَعْمَلُونَ (54) عَوْمَ يَغْشَاهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مِن فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِن تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِهِمْ وَيَقُولُ ذُوقُوا مَا كُنتُمْ (54) مَن And they urge you to hasten the punishment would have reached them. But it will surely come to them suddenly while they perceive not. They urge you to hasten the punishment. And indeed, Hell will be encompassing of the disbelievers. On the Day the punishment will cover them from above them and from below their feet and it is said, "Taste [the result of] what you used to do."" [TMQ Surah Ankabut- 53-55]

Imam Qurtubi said in Al-Jamiu Ahkamul Quran 13/356: "Ibn Abbas (rali) said: "This means: "I (i.e. Allah) promise you (i.e. prophet) that I will not punish your nation and I will delay them until the Day of Judgement". His explanation is the verse ﴿ وَالسَّاعَةُ مَوْعِدُهُمْ وَالسَّاعَةُ مَوْعِدُهُمْ وَالسَّاعَةُ مَوْعِدُهُمْ وَالسَّاعَةُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الل

3- Allah (swt) said, وَهَا يَنْظُرُ هَٰوُلَاءِ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً مَّا لَهَا مِن فَوَاقِ (15) وَقَالُوا رَبَّنَا عَجِّل لَّنَا قِظْنَا قَبْلَ يَوْمِ (35) عَجِل الله عَجِل لَنَا قِظْنَا قَبْلَ يَوْمِ (15) "And these [disbelievers] await not but one blast [of the Horn]; for it there will be no delay. And they say, "Our Lord, hasten for us our share [of the punishment] before the Day of Account"" [TMQ Surah Saad: 15-16]

Imam Qurtubi says in the Interpretation of the Verse: The word (ينظر) (i.e. look) means (ينظر) i.e. await, the word (هؤلاء) (these) refers to the disbelievers of Makkah, the sentence (اصيحةً واحدة) means the blast on the Day of Resurrection, the word (صيحةً واحدة)(our share), Imam Mujahid and Qatada says that it means 'our punishment'.

- 4- Allah (swt) said, ﴿ الْفَيَامَةِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ "He has decreed upon Himself mercy. He will surely assemble you for the Day of Resurrection, about which there is no doubt" [TMQ Surah An'aam:12]. Qurtubi says in its Tafsir as: ﴿ كَتَبَ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِهِ "He has decreed upon Himself mercy" i.e. He (swt) promised to be good and generous and therefore He (swt) gives respite.
- 5- Allah (swt) said, الْأَوَالُونَ وَاتَيْنَا تَمُودَ النَّاقَةَ مُبْصِرَةً فَظَلَمُوا بِهَا وَمَا And nothing has prevented Us from sending signs except that the "شُرْسِلُ بِالْأَيَاتِ إِلَّا تَخُويِفًا» "And nothing has prevented Us from sending signs except that the former peoples denied them. And We gave Thamud the she-camel as a visible sign, but they wronged her. And We send not the signs except as a warning." [TMQ Surah Isra: 59]

Imam Qurtubi says in its Tafsir: "Nothing has prevented Us from sending signs, which they suggested, except that they denied them. So they were destroyed as those before them. And Allah (swt) delayed the punishment to the disbelievers of Quraish as He knew that some of them will believe and believers will be born from them (in the next generation)...they asked Allah to turn the Mount Safa into gold and move the mountain away from them. So Jibreel came down and said: إن شنت كان ما سأل قومك ولكنهم إن لم يؤمنوا لم يمهلوا وإن شنت استأنيت بهم

Messenger of Allah) If you wish, there will be what your people ask, but if they do not believe after that, they will not be given respite (from the punishment), or if you wish, I (Allah) will give them more time". Prophet (saw) said: «لا بل استأن بهم» "No give them more time" (End Quote).

6- Allah (swt) said, ﴿وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَ اللَّهَ غَافِلًا عَمَّا يَعْمَلُ الظَّالِمُونَ إِنَّمَا يُؤَخِّرُهُمْ لِيَوْمٍ تَشْخُصُ فِيهِ الْأَبْصَارُ﴾ And never think that Allah is unaware of what the wrongdoers do. He only delays them for a Day when eyes will stare [in horror]." [TMQ Surah Ibrahim: 42]

And this address from Allah (swt) to the Messenger of Allah (saw) came after the strong agitation of the Quraish, with their challenge and mockery to the Messenger of Allah (saw) to bring the punishment, which he (saw) threatened them with. This mockery, challenge and هِوَقَالُوا لَن نُوْمِنَ لَكَ حَتَّىٰ تَفْجُرَ لَنَا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ يَنْبُوعًا (agitation was apparent in the Saying of Allah (swt), هَوَقَالُوا لَن نُوْمِنَ لَكَ حَتَّىٰ تَفْجُرَ لَنَا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ يَنْبُوعًا (90) أَوْ تَكُونَ لَكَ جَنَّةٌ مِّن نَّخِيل وَعنَب فَتُفَجِّرَ الْأَنْهَارَ خَلَالَهَا تَفْجِيرًا (91) أَوْ تُسْقطَ السَّمَاءَ كَمَا زَعَمْتَ عَلَيْنَا كسَفًا أَوْ تَأْتَىَ بِاللّه وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ قَبِيلًا (92) أَوْ يَكُونَ لَكَ بَيْتٌ مِّن زُخْرُفِ أَوْ تَرْقَىٰ فِي السَّمَاءِ وَلَن نُوْمِنَ لِرُقِيَكَ حَتَّىٰ تُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْنَا كِتَابًا نَقُرُوهُ قُلْ سُبْحَانَ And they say, "We will not believe you until you break open for" رَبِّي هَلْ كُنْتُ إِلَّا بَشَرًا رَّسُولًا﴾ us from the ground a spring. Or [until] you have a garden of palm trees and grapes and make rivers gush forth within them in force [and abundance]. Or you make the heaven fall upon us in fragments as you have claimed or you bring Allah and the angels before [us]. Or you have a house of gold or you ascend into the sky. And [even then], we will not believe in your ascension until you bring down to us a book we may read." Say, "Exalted is my Lord! Was I ever but a human messenger?"" [TMQ Surah Isra: 90-93]. The Prophet (saw) was amongst them in distress and pain. So Allah (swt) revealed to him as a relief by saying that Allah (swt) is not unaware of them, rather He (swt) gives them respite until the Day of Judgment.

We have spoken until now about the nations to whom the messengers of Allah (saw) came and their denial of them. So, what is the Sunnah of Allah for the people in general i.e. at a time when there is no messenger amongst them to call them to Allah (swt), such as the situation in the period between one messenger and the other, or such as the situation which occurred and continues to be since the death of Muhammed (saw)?

This general situation for the people is legislated by the following divine texts:

- 1- Allah (swt) said, النَّاسَ بِظُلْمِهِم مَّا تَرَكَ عَلَيْهَا مِن دَابَّةٍ وَلَٰكِن يُؤَخِّرُهُمْ إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّى فَإِذَا جَاءَ Allah (swt) said, المَّا الله النَّاسَ بِظُلْمِهِم مَّا تَرَكَ عَلَيْهَا مِن دَابَّةٍ وَلَٰكِن يُؤَخِّرُهُمْ إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُستَقَّ وَلَا يَسْتَقْدِمُونَ ﴿ And if Allah were to impose blame on the people for their wrongdoing, He would not have left upon the earth any creature, but He defers them for a specified term. And when their term has come, they will not remain behind an hour, nor will they precede [it] [TMQ Surah Nahl: 61]
- 2- Allah (swt) said, النَّاسَ بِمَا كَسَبُوا مَا تَرَكَ عَلَىٰ ظَهْرِهَا مِن دَابَّةٍ وَلَٰكِن يُؤَخِّرُهُمْ إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى فَإِذَا اللهُ كَانَ بِعِبَادِهِ بَصِيرًا ﴾ "And if Allah were to impose blame on the people for what they have earned, He would not leave upon the earth any creature. But He defers them for a specified term. And when their time comes, then indeed Allah has ever been, of His servants, Seeing." [TMQ Surah Fatir: 45]
- 3- Allah (swt) said, مَوْعِدٌ لَن يَجِدُوا مِن said, مِمَا كَسَبُوا لَعَجَّلَ لَهُمُ الْعَذَابَ بَل لَهُم مَوْعِدٌ لَن يَجِدُوا مِن "And your Lord is the Forgiving, full of mercy. If He were to impose blame upon them for what they earned, He would have hastened for them the punishment. Rather, for them is an appointment from which they will never find an escape." [TMQ Surah Kahf: 58]

- 4- Allah (swt) said, مَوْعِدٌ لَن يَجِدُوا مِن (swt) said, هُوَرَبُكَ الْغَفُورُ ذُو الرَّحْمَةِ لَوْ يُوَاخِذُهُم بِمَا كَسَبُوا لَعَجَّلَ لَهُمُ الْعَذَابَ بَل لَهُم مَّوْعِدٌ لَن يَجِدُوا مِن (And never think that Allah is unaware of what the wrongdoers do. He only delays them for a Day when eyes will stare [in horror]." [TMQ Surah Ibrahim: 42]
- 5- The Prophet (saw) said, «اليومَ عملٌ ولا حساب، وغداً حساب وغداً حساب "Today is the day of deeds and no accounting, and tomorrow (i.e. Aakhira) is the day of accounting and no deeds" [Bukhari].

These five divine texts clearly give the meaning that Allah (swt) did not make this world as a place of accounting, rather He (swt) made it as a place of deeds and accounting will be tomorrow i.e. the Day of Resurrection. Accounting is done on the Day of Resurrection, which is also named as Day of Accounting (i.e. the Day of Judgment). Allah (swt) said, ﴿وَإِنَّمَا تُوْوَرُكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ ﴿ "you will only be given your [full] compensation on the Day of Resurrection" [TMQ Surah Al-ilmran: 185]

As for the calamities afflicted upon the people in this world, they are sent according to the laws of the universe and properties of things, which Allah (swt) embodied them with. They afflict both believer and disbeliever, both pious and sinner.

And the calamities in this world are not necessarily a punishment from Allah (swt) for disobedience and it is not necessarily divine retribution upon the afflicted servant. This is the Saying of Allah (swt) addressing the believers: وَالْمُواْلِ وَالْجُوعِ وَنَقْصِ وَالْجُوعِ وَنَقْصِ وَالْجُوعِ وَنَقْصِ وَالْجُوعِ وَالْجُوعِ وَنَقْصِ وَالْبُقُ مُ اللهُ فَتُونَ وَوَالْمُوَاتُ وَالْمُوَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ مَنْ اللهُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ وَالْمُؤَاتُ مُوسِيَةً قَالُوا إِنَّا اللهِ وَإِنَّا اللهِ وَإِنَّا اللهِ وَالْمَالِقُ هُمُ اللّهُ فَتُدُونَ وَاللّهُ هُمُ اللّهُ فَتُدُونَ وَاللّهُ هُمُ اللّهُ وَلَيْكَ هُمُ اللّهُ فَتُدُونَ وَاللّهُ هُمُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّ

Hence, if a believer is afflicted while he is patient and looking for the rewards from Allah (swt), then the affliction is a blessing and not wrath. It will degrade his bad deeds and increase his good deeds on the Day of Resurrection.

The word Punishment (عذاب) comes in the Sharia texts with the meaning of Punishments, which Allah (swt) orders upon disobedient people, as in the Saying of Allah (swt), ﴿وَلْيُشْهُوْ

"And let a group of the believers witness their punishment." عَذَابَهُمَا طَانِفَةٌ مِّنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ "And let a group of the believers witness their punishment." (عذابَهما) [TMQ 24:2] and as in the Saying of Allah (swt), هُوَيَدْرَأُ عَنْهَا الْعَذَابَ أَن تَشْهُدَ أَرْبَعَ شُهَادَاتٍ بِاللّهِ إِنَّهُ (عذابَهما) from her if she gives four testimonies [swearing] by Allah that indeed, he is of the liars." [TMQ Surah Nur:8]

The words (عقاب aathab punishment), (عقاب iqaab punishment), (هلاك halaak annihilation), (عقاب tadmeer destruction), (ستبدال istibdaal replacement) come in the Sharia texts, with the meaning of what people get afflicted with, in terms of harm or calamities, based on the laws of universe, based on causes and effects.

It is as in the Saying of Allah (swt), ﴿ فَيِمَا أَخَذْتُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ "If not for a decree from Allah that preceded, you would have been touched for what you took by a great punishment (عذاب")." [TMQ Surah Anfal:68] i.e. abandoning to kill during the battle and hastening to capture in order to take ransom from the captives, may have led you to lose the battle and you would have become killed and captives.

ال is as in the Saying of Allah (swt), هِفَاتِلُوهُمْ يُعَذِّبُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِأَيْدِيكُمْ وَيُفْرِهِمْ وَيَنْصُرْكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَيَشْفُ صُدُورَ قَوْمِ (swt), عَلَيْهِمْ وَيَشْفُ صُدُورَ قَوْمِ (Fight them; Allah will punish (بعذَبُهم) them by your hands and will disgrace them and give you victory over them and satisfy the breasts of a believing people" [TMQ Surah Tawba:14].

الله is as in the Saying of Allah (swt), وَإِذَا أَن نُهْلِكَ قَرْيَةً أَمَرْنَا مُثْرَفِيهَا فَفَسَقُوا فِيهَا فَحَقَّ عَلَيْهَا الْقَوْلُ (And when We intend to destroy a city, We command its affluent but they defiantly disobey therein; so the word comes into effect upon it, and We destroy it with [complete] destruction. (تدميرا)" [TMQ Surah Isra:16]. And this is when civil wars erupts due to increased corruption or by the covetousness of external enemy when he sees the land is steeped in luxury and joy while neglecting the causes of strength and jihad.

It is as in the Saying of Allah (swt), ﴿ وَإِن تَتُوَلِّوْا يَسْتَبُدِلْ قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ ثُمَّ لَا يَكُونُوا أَمْتَالَكُم "And if you turn away, He will replace (يستبدل you with another people; then they will not be the likes of you." [TMQ Surah Muhammed: 38]. Turning away of Muslims from the Sharia of Allah will cause them to be weakened, which will allow their enemies to annihilate them, until another nation comes to hold firmly to the Deen of Allah (swt).

الله as in the Saying of Allah (swt): وَمَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَن ذِكْرِي فَإِن الله هَذَايَ فَلَا يَضِلُ وَلَا يَشْفَىٰ (123) وَمَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَن ذِكْرِي فَإِن الله whoever follows My guidance will neither go astray [in the world] nor suffer [in the Hereafter]. And whoever turns away from My remembrance - indeed, he will have a depressed life, and We will gather him on the Day of Resurrection blind."" [TMQ Surah Taha: 123-124]. It is also like the saying of the Prophet (saw) when he was asked, (أَنَهِكُ وَفِينا الصالحون؟) "O Messenger of Allah! Shall we be destroyed (أَنَهِكُ وَفِينا الصالحون؟) while there are righteous people amongst us?" Prophet (saw) replied, «نعم، إذا كَثُر الخبث» "Yes, if there is much wickedness" [Bukhari & Muslim]. It is also as in the saying of the Prophet (saw), «وَالَّذِي نَفْسِي بِيدِهِ لِتَأْمُرُنُ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَلَتَنْهُونَ عَنِ الْمُثْكُرِ أَوْ لَيُوشِكَنَ الله أَنْ يَبْعَثَ عَلَيْكُمْ عِقَابًا مِنْهُ ثُمَّ تَدْعُونَهُ فَلَا ("By Him in Whose Hand my life is, you either enjoin good and forbid evil, or Allah will certainly soon send His punishment (عقابً) to you. Then you will make supplication and it will not be accepted" (Tirmidhi & Ahmed).

These consequences are the results according to law of causation and not an accounting upon the sins. Instead, accounting for the sins will occur on the Day of Resurrection. It should be noted in the Saying of Allah (swt), ﴿ وَمَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَن ذِكْرِي فَإِنَّ لَهُ مَعِيشَةً وَعَدْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ اللهُ

"And whoever turns away from My remembrance - indeed, he will have a depressed life, and We will gather him on the Day of Resurrection blind." He will say, "My Lord, why have you raised me blind while I was [once] seeing?". [Allah] will say, "Thus did Our signs come to you, and you forgot them; and thus will you this Day be forgotten."" [TMQ Surah Taha:124-126]. Turning away from the remembrance of Allah (i.e. Sharia of Allah) results in life to be depressed (i.e. miserable) in this world. This misery does not compensate its owner from the punishment on the Day of Resurrection. The worldly punishment that compensates the one who receives it, from the punishment on the Day of Resurrection, are the Sharia punishments (Uqubat) such as Hadd, Ta'zeer as these Uqubat (Sharia punishments) are prevention and compensation.

As for the calamities and diseases that occur due to causes and effects, they are not Sharia punishments (uqubat), compensating for the punishment on the Day of Resurrection. Consequently, one who commits adultery and is then afflicted with the disease of AIDS, for instance, cannot say that it is his punishment which Allah (swt) hastened for him in this world, in order to remove it on the Day of Aakhira. Instead, the AIDS disease occurs when its causes exist and the punishment for adultery will remain on the Day of Judgment.

As for the matters that happen in the universe in which man has no role, such as earthquakes or hurricanes, floods, volcanoes, rain retention, intense heat, intense cold, and the impacts of their results, they are from the actions of Allah (swt) alone based on the Sunnah which He (swt) embodied them with. These matters will afflict the people without discrimination between either believer or disbeliever, or between righteous and evil people. It is not Sharr (evil) based on the Sharia meaning of Sharr (evil). With respect to believers, it is a test for them and if they remain patient and look for the reward, then it is khair (good) and a blessing. With respect to all the people, be it believers or disbelievers, it is a sign from Allah (swt) that calls them to think and contemplate. It is a warning for them of the consequence of their negligence, their indulgence in transient desires, their forgetfulness of what they are offered with in terms of bliss or abyss.

These events happen neither randomly nor by chance. They happen according to a decree and arrangement which Allah (swt) has chosen for them, with His Wisdom and Knowledge. O Allah, Bestow on us the goodness and blessings that please you in the past and future. ﴿رَبَّنَا لَا تُرْغُ قُلُوبَنَا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَيْتَنَا وَهَبْ لَنَا مِن لَدُنكَ رَحْمَةً إِنَّكَ أَنتَ الْوَهَابُ "Our Lord, let not our hearts deviate after You have guided us and grant us from Yourself mercy. Indeed, You are the Bestower." [TMQ Surah Al-i Imran: 8]